5

10

and  $R^8$ ,  $R^9$  are each, independently of one another, hydrogen or a straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy radical having 1 to 16 carbon atoms, where one or two nonterminal -CH<sub>2</sub>- groups may be replaced by -O- or -C(=O)- or -CH=CH- with the provisos that  $R^8$  and  $R^9$  cannot both be hydrogen and that two adjacent -CH<sub>2</sub>- groups cannot be replaced by -O-.

Very particularly preferred compounds correspond to the formulae